

Cisco 8000 Series Routers

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Cisco 8000 Series



Figure 1.
Cisco 8000 Series routers

High-performance networking systems have historically been divided into routing or switching classes, with distinct hardware and software. Over time, this distinction has become less pronounced. This convergence has occurred with the evolution of feature-rich switching chips and routing chips that balance traditional Service Provider (SP)-class capabilities with many benefits of switching Application-Specific Integrated Circuits (ASICs).

Cisco® 8000 Series routers complete this journey. They deliver provider-class routing functionality at unmatched density, performance, and power. This enables Cisco 8000 Series to be deployed into an unprecedented range of routing roles – all supported with a single ASIC architecture and operating system – thus streamlining qualification, deployment, and operations.

The Cisco 8000 Series combines Cisco’s revolutionary Cisco Silicon One™ and IOS XR® software as well as a set of clean-sheet chassis to deliver a breakthrough in high-performance routers. The 8000 Series comprises a full range of feature-rich, highly scalable, deep-buffered, on-chip High Bandwidth Memory (HBM) and 400G-optimized routers ranging from 10.8 to 12.8 Tbps in a 1 RU footprint. It is also available in an industry-leading, rack-mountable modular system capable of approximately 260 Tbps of full-duplex, line rate forwarding.

The Cisco 8000 Series includes two distinct router architectures that both utilize the Cisco Silicon One ASICs. The 8800 Series provides the highest bandwidth via modular chassis with a redundant control plane and switch fabric. The 8800 Series includes the Cisco 8804, 8808, 8812, and 8818. These chassis deliver up to 14.4 Tbps per line card via 100 and 400 Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) ports.

The Cisco 8100 and 8200 Series utilize Cisco's Router-on-Chip (RoC) architecture to deliver full routing functionality with a single ASIC per router. Both support the full routing feature set, but the 8200 has deep buffers and expanded forwarding tables, while the 8100 Series is targeted for data center applications with lower buffering and forwarding table scale requirements.

The RoC architecture is distinguished from System-on-Chip (SoC) switches by supporting large forwarding tables, deep buffers, more flexible packet operations, and enhanced programmability. The Cisco 8100 and 8200 provide up to 12.8 Tbps of network bandwidth with lower power than similar systems.

Cisco 8000 Series hardware

The 8000 Series includes routers in both fixed and modular form factors to address a broad range of bandwidth needs and facility requirements.

Table 1. Cisco 8100 and 8200 Series fixed chassis options

Fixed Chassis	Bandwidth	Height	Ports	Memory Options
Cisco 8101-32H	3.2 Tbps	1 RU	32 QSFP28 100 GbE	No HBM
Cisco 8102-64H	6.4 Tbps	2 RU	64 QSFP28 100 GbE	
Cisco 8101-32FH	12.8 Tbps	1 RU	32 QSFP56-DD 400 GbE	
Cisco 8201	10.8 Tbps	1 RU	24 QSFP56-DD 400 GbE and 12 QSFP28 100 GbE	With HBM
Cisco 8202	10.8 Tbps	2 RU	12 QSFP56-DD 400 GbE and 60 QSFP28 100 GbE	
Cisco 8201-32FH	12.8 Tbps	1 RU	32 QSFP56-DD 400 GbE	

Table 2. Cisco 8800 Series modular chassis options

Modular Chassis	Bandwidth	Height	Supported Line Cards on All Chassis
Cisco 8804	57.6 Tbps	4 slots/10 RU	48 QSFP28 100 GbE line card with MACsec
Cisco 8808	115.2 Tbps	8 slots/16 RU	34 QSFP28 100 GbE and 14 QSFP56-DD 400 GbE 36 QSFP56-DD 400 GbE
Cisco 8812	172.8 Tbps	12 slots/21 RU	36 QSFP56-DD 400 GbE with MACsec
Cisco 8818	259.2 Tbps	18 slots/33 RU	

Silicon innovation with the Cisco Silicon One ASIC

Cisco Silicon One is the first routing silicon architecture to break through the 10-Tbps benchmark for network bandwidth. This is accomplished without sacrificing route capacity, packet-per-second forwarding performance, or feature flexibility. The first-generation Q100 ASIC delivers 10.8 Tbps of throughput in 16-nm process technology, while the second-generation Q200 ASIC increases the performance to 12.8 Tbps in 7-nm process technology. Both ASICs deliver high-scale routing and deep buffering that typically require off-chip memories. In case of external memories, data path bandwidth is reduced due to frequent memory access. This is one of the key reasons that routing chips traditionally have less bandwidth than SoC designs. The Cisco Silicon One architecture achieves high-performance and full routing capabilities without external memories in Q100 and Q200 ASICs. This is enabled by the clean-sheet internal architecture that includes an on-chip High Bandwidth Memory (HBM). Originally developed for high-end graphics, HBM provides a significant increase in performance while lowering power consumption. It is located on the chip package and connects to the Cisco Silicon One ASIC via an ultra-fast silicon interface. The HBM is used for both deep buffering and to extend the size of the forwarding tables, thus eliminating the need for external memories.

The Cisco Silicon One architecture supports multiple modes of operation. It can function as an RoC, a line card network processor, and a switch fabric element. This flexibility enables consistent software in multiple roles and rapid silicon evolution.

System design innovation

Supporting the 8000 Series capabilities demanded a wide range of new approaches to platform design. By leveraging over 25 years of high-performance system design, Cisco has delivered unprecedented capacity without compromising forwarding performance or requiring oversubscription. This required new power supplies, a redesigned cooling architecture, and future-proof connectors.

The Cisco 8100 and 8200 Series chassis require extensive innovation to support high densities. Consolidating multiple components into a single ASIC requires significant chip power. In addition, 400 GbE optics require up to six times the power of 100 GbE QSFP28 modules. These challenges are addressed via advanced system design, including state-of-the-art fans and heat sinks, and QSFP-DD modular optics.

The 8800 chassis utilize a state-of-the-art orthogonal direct design with advanced cooling, high power capacity, new power supplies, and future-proof connectors. The chassis and all data path components for the 8800 Series benefit from a clean-sheet design that allows the systems to take full advantage of the latest technologies and Cisco's design expertise. This design connects all forwarding path components directly without a backplane or midplane. In the 8800 Series, the line cards are oriented horizontally, and the eight fabric cards are oriented vertically. Every major component of the 8800 Series was developed with a clean-sheet approach – representing Cisco's unprecedented investment and commitment to a long lifecycle for the 8000 Series.

The 8800 chassis deliver significant improvements over previous orthogonal chassis, including:

- State-of-the-art redundant fans
- Network Equipment Building System (NEBS)-compliant air filters with doors for simplified line card access
- Future-proof power capacity with power-saving internal distribution
- New power supplies for power feed redundancy with reduced provisioning
- Cable management for up to 864 fibers

Cisco 8100 Series



Figure 2.
Cisco 8101-32H



Figure 3.
Cisco 8102-64H



Figure 4.
Cisco 8101-32FH

The Cisco 8100 Series extends the small footprint, low power, and high performance of the 8000 Series to data center fabric roles that do not require the expanded forwarding scale and deep buffering of the 8200 Series.

The 8100 Series designed with Cisco’s Q200 generation ASIC and without HBM delivers the low power and high performance of 7nm technology at three bandwidth levels – 3.2 Tbps, 6.4 Tbps and 12.8 Tbps so the latest silicon developments can be fully leveraged across data center networks in roles such as Top of Rack (ToR), high-density IP Fabric leaf and spines.

The Cisco 8100 Series offers three different variants: Cisco 8101-32H with 32 ports of 100G in a compact 1RU form factor, Cisco 8102-64H with 64 ports of 100G in a 2RU form factor, and Cisco 8101-32FH with 32 ports of 400G in a compact 1RU form factor.

The 8100 Series supports both IOS XR software and the open-source network operating system SONiC (Software for Open Networking in the Cloud).

Cisco 8200 Series



Figure 5.
Cisco 8201



Figure 6.
Cisco 8202



Figure 7.
Cisco 8201-32FH

The Cisco 8200 Series is designed for roles requiring higher scale and deep buffers. These systems are designed with on-chip HBM memory to achieve this scale. To achieve similar routed bandwidth and scale, other industry routers require multiple devices such as off-chip Ternary Content-Addressable Memory (TCAMs) and fabric ASICs. However, the Cisco 8200 Series routers use a simple single ASIC (with HBM) design without the need for off-chip TCAM.

The 8200 Series 1 and 2 RU footprints allow them to be deployed in locations that traditionally required much larger chassis and special accommodations for power and cooling. Provisioning up to 12.8 Tbps in the most efficient 100G/400G-generation chassis requires over seven times the space. The 8200 Series provides tens of milliseconds of buffering and supports large forwarding tables. The ability to deploy a full-featured router into power- and space-constrained facilities such as colocation, Content Delivery Networks (CDNs), Internet Exchange Points (IXPs), or older central office sites opens new possibilities for network designs. The 8200 Series with its large buffer and scale capacity is most suitable for roles such as aggregation, peering, core, and Data Center Interconnects (DCIs).

The Cisco 8200 Series offers three different variants: Cisco 8201 with 24 ports of 400G and 12 ports of 100G in a compact 1RU form factor, Cisco 8202 with 60 ports of 100G and 12 ports of 400G in a 2RU form factor, and Cisco 8201-32FH with 32 ports of 400G in a compact 1RU form factor.

The 8200 Series supports both IOS XR software and the open-source network operating system SONiC (Software for Open Networking in the Cloud).

Cisco 8800 Series

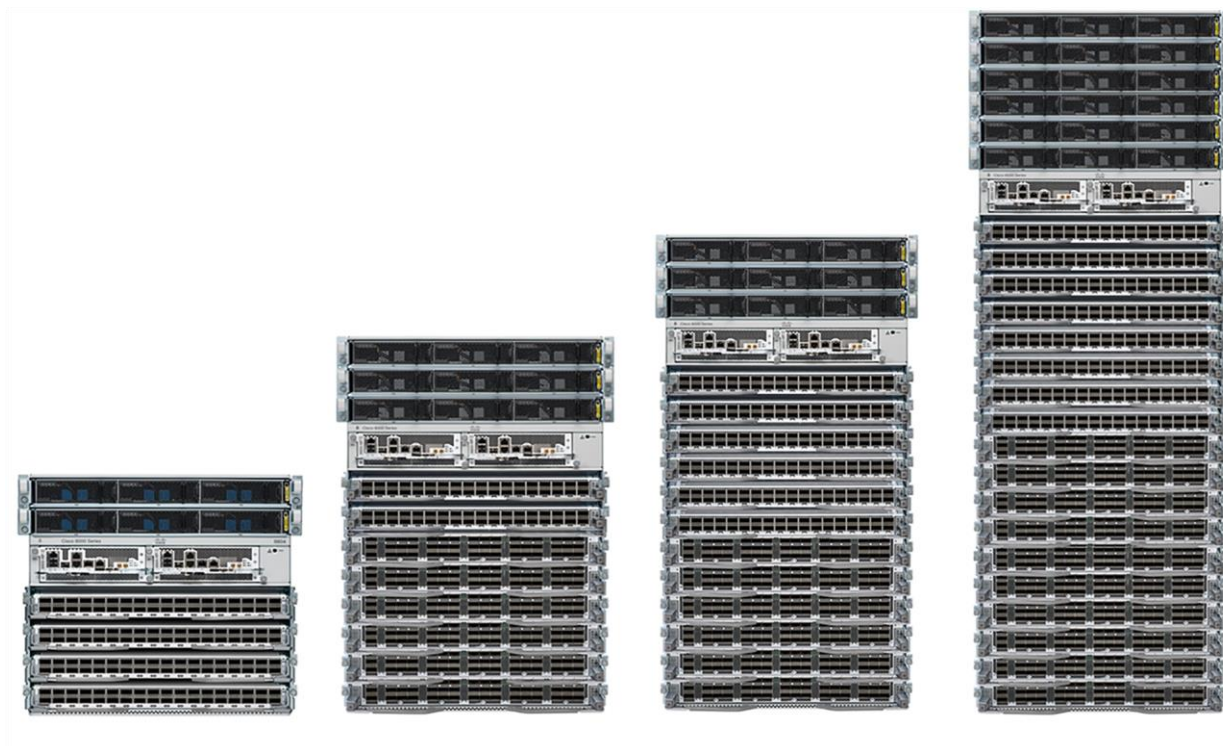


Figure 8.
Cisco 8800 4-, 8-, 12-, and 18-slot modular chassis

With up to approximately 260 Tbps via 648 400 GbE ports, the Cisco 8800 Series delivers breakthrough density and efficiency with the extensive scale, buffering, and feature capabilities common to all the Cisco 8000 Series of routers. It includes four chassis – the 8804, 8808, 8812, and 8818 – to meet a broad set of network and facility requirements.

In addition to reducing per-port power relative to previous generations, the Cisco 8800 Series enables even greater savings by reducing the number of routers required in a given location – potentially removing entire layers from a network. This results in a significant reduction in the total number of router port and optics, one of the top contributors to network costs.

Cisco 8800 Series line cards

The Cisco 8800 Series modular platform supports five different 100 GbE and 400 GbE line cards. The line cards utilize multiple Cisco Silicon One forwarding ASICs to achieve high performance and bandwidth with line rate forwarding. All ports on all five line cards support different breakout options for 100GbE, 40GbE, and 10GbE.

Table 3. Cisco 8800 Series line card options

Line Cards	Bandwidth	Silicon	100GbE Ports	400 GbE Ports	MACsec
8800-LC-48H	4.8 Tbps	Q100	48	-	Yes
88-LC0-34H14FH	9 Tbps	Q200	34	14	16x 100 GbE ports
8800-LC-36FH	14.4 Tbps	Q100	-	36	No
88-LC0-36FH	14.4 Tbps	Q200	-	36	No
88-LC0-36FH-M	14.4 Tbps	Q200	-	36	Yes

There are five different line cards supported on all 8800 modular chassis.

The 48-port QSFP28 100 GbE line card provides 4.8 Tbps of throughput with MACsec support on all ports. It also supports QSFP+ optics for 10G and 40G compatibility.

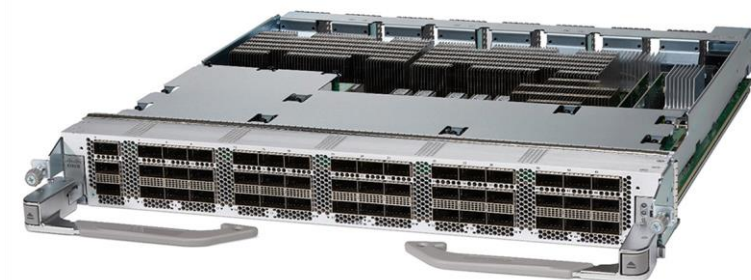


Figure 9.
48-port QSFP28 100 GbE line card

The two variants of 36-port QSFP56-DD 400 GbE line cards are based on Q100 and Q200 silicon chips. Each line card provides 14.4 Tbps via 36 QSFP56-DD front-panel ports.

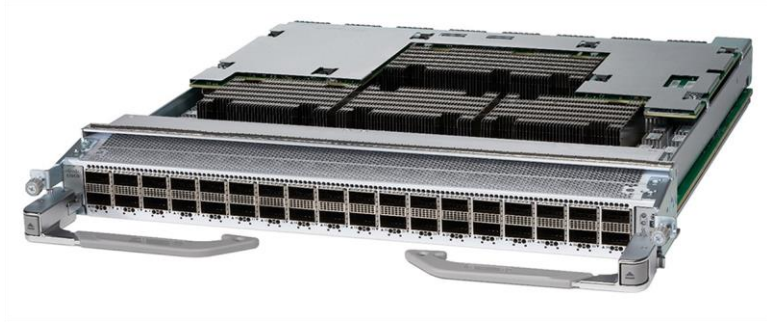


Figure 10.
36-port QSFP56-DD 400 GbE line card

There is also a Q200-based, MACsec-capable, 36-port QSFP56-DD 400GbE line card that provides 14.4 Tbps of throughput with line rate MACsec on all ports.

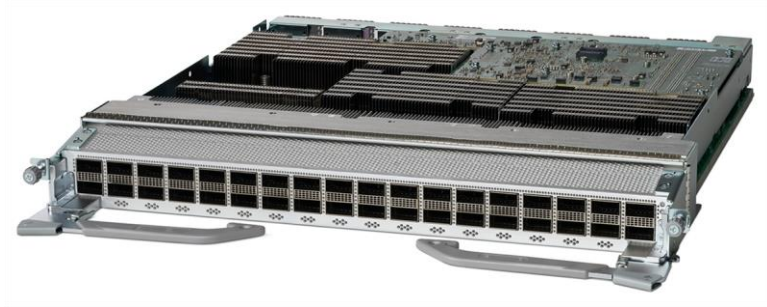


Figure 11.
36-port QSFP56-DD 400 GbE line card with MACsec

All three 400 GbE line cards provide up to 144 ports of 100 GbE via breakout and support QSFP+, QSFP28, and QSFP28-DD modules.

In addition, there is a combo card that provides 34 - QSFP28 ports and 14 - QSFP56-DD ports. It offers customers the ability to smoothly transition from 100G to 400G. For additional flexibility, this card supports MACsec on 16 of the 100 GbE ports.

Cisco 8800 Series switch fabric

The Cisco 8800 Series switch fabric is powered by 8 fabric cards that provide 7+1 line rate redundancy. In addition, the fabric supports a separate operational model with 4+1 fabric card redundancy to provide an entry-level option for systems with only the 48-port 100 GbE line card. This mode reduces cost and power for networks that want to take advantage of the latest platforms but are not yet ready to broadly deploy 400 GbE.



Figure 12.
Cisco 8812 fabric card

Security

Security is a major concern for all Cisco customers. Attacks on networking equipment can have disastrous results. Network operators need assurance that their equipment is secure and running authorized Cisco software. Cisco 8000 Series routers support hardware root of trust based on the Trusted Computing Group (TCG) and IEEE 802.1 AR standards. This approach is far more reliable than a software-based security approach. All Cisco 8200 routers are FIPS 140-2 Level 2 compliant and support advanced security features to ensure platform and OS integrity.

- Cisco secures the supply chain of every system at manufacturing time. A technology called “Chip Protection” allows customers to be assured that the hardware they receive from Cisco has no counterfeit components. This is accomplished with the use of unique identifiers that are stored inside the Trusted Anchor Module (TAM) device as a way to identify and track components through the entire lifecycle of the Cisco 8000. The checks cover all major components, including network processors, CPUs, and Field-Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGAs).
- Every image that a customer downloads from the Cisco site is cryptographically signed using Cisco private keys. Each platform has a TAM (based on the TCG standard) that uses built-in cryptographic functions to validate the image signature. Once the signature is validated, the software is considered authentic and is ready for install.
- During normal operation, the JTAG (Joint Test Action Group – a method of chip testing and verification) ports on chips are monitored. JTAG is one of the most common attack surfaces and therefore must be secured. Cisco uses a technology called “Secure JTAG” to monitor the port. If any illegal activity is detected, it is flagged and the system CPU is held in reset mode.
- Secure Boot root of trust is anchored in the TAM. It establishes an authentication chain in which each software module authenticates the next module in the boot process.

Cisco IOS XR software

Cisco IOS XR7 is a unified network OS spanning access, aggregation, edge, and core. The networking protocol stack within XR7 can be cut down by two-thirds when the IP transport architecture is simplified. Improvements to XR7 internal architecture have reduced the memory footprint by 35 percent. By reducing code size and the resources required, XR7 can be installed onto even the most constrained hardware designs with full security features without impact to boot times.

Modernizing XR7 with install procedures using standard Linux software package managers has also improved operations. Instead of “one-size-fits-all,” XR7 provides modularity, so customers only load what they will use. Service providers can easily access new software packages from trusted Cisco Red Hat Package Manager (RPM) repositories. Alternatively, they can build their own repository of both Cisco and custom software packages, which can be fetched for final system configuration without spending time trying to sort out software dependencies. All the required Cisco software packages, home-grown/third-party software packages, and router configurations can be pulled into a single Cisco software image known as a “Golden ISO.” Customized images can now be installed consistently and with confidence across devices in the network.

Cisco IOS XR7 brings an unmatched level of openness for programmability and customization.

IOS XR 7 supports open, model-driven APIs at all layers of the software stack. At the management layer, XR supports a comprehensive list of both native and industry-driven OpenConfig models with multiple encoding (XML and JSON) and transport (gRPC, Netconf) options. The APIs at the management layer allow operators to apply configuration to the device or retrieve the state of the system. The APIs also address advanced traffic engineering use cases, allowing applications to control the route followed by traffic within the network. These APIs can be used independently or combined with other ecosystem abstraction layers such as SONIC or P4Runtime.

IOS XR 7 also supports the OFA (Open Forwarding Abstraction) API, which provides a logical representation of all the forwarding and telemetry capabilities of the underlying hardware. In addition, IOS XR 7 provides a flexible consumption model, allowing third-party application software to run on the device alongside IOS XR to enable customization options for the customer network. With application hosting capabilities, operators can host their own controller agent or custom protocol; use various hosting apps for telemetry collection, traffic engineering, and configuration management; or manage the box like a Linux machine using third-party software such as Chef, Puppet, or Ansible.

Cisco IOS XR 7 is the industry’s most trusted network operating system.

XR7 is the most advanced network operating system for improving the security posture of the router. The Cisco Secure Boot subsystem ensures that the device boot image is genuine and untampered. With advanced signing technology, XR7 can establish software integrity enforcement and measurement. To further enhance the trusted defense posture, multiple runtime defenses within XR7 guard against malicious actors and make exploitation of bugs more difficult. Even if booted securely, a router may run for months or years without rebooting, which could leave vulnerabilities at runtime undetected for a long time. XR7 leverages Integrated Measurement Architecture (IMA) to significantly enhance security by verifying the integrity of running software. In the IMA appraisal mode, signature validations prevent unauthorized images to launch. In the IMA measurement mode, the hashes of all images are logged in a secure location used for verification. Records of run time processes can be sent for analysis, so the operator knows that system software, updates, or patches are running as intended.

Detailed information on XR7 can be found here: [IOS XR Data Sheet](#)

For a complete list of supported features, refer to the [Cisco Feature Navigator](#).

Ordering overview

The high-level hardware components are listed below. For full ordering information, refer to the ordering documentation.

Part Number	Description
8101-32H	Cisco 8100 1 RU Chassis with 32x100G QSFP28 with IOS XR and without HBM
8102-64H	Cisco 8100 2 RU Chassis with 64x100G QSFP28 with IOS XR and without HBM
8101-32FH	Cisco 8100 1 RU Chassis with 32x400G QSFP56-DD with IOS XR and without HBM
8101-32H-O	Cisco 8100 1 RU Chassis with 32x100G QSFP28 with Open Software and without HBM
8102-64H-O	Cisco 8100 2 RU Chassis with 64x100G QSFP28 with Open Software and without HBM
8101-32FH-O	Cisco 8100 1 RU Chassis with 32x400G QSFP56-DD with Open Software and without HBM
8201-SYS	Cisco 8200 1 RU Chassis with 24x400 GbE QSFP56-DD and 12x100G QSFP28 with IOS XR
8202-SYS	Cisco 8200 2 RU Chassis with 12x400 GbE QSFP56-DD and 60x100 GbE QSFP28 with IOS XR
8201-32FH	Cisco 8200 1 RU Chassis with 32x400G QSFP56-DD with IOS XR and HBM
8201-32FH-O	Cisco 8200 1 RU Chassis with 32x400G QSFP56-DD with Open Software and HBM
8804-SYS	Cisco 8808 4-slot System
8808-SYS	Cisco 8808 8-slot System
8812-SYS	Cisco 8812 12-slot System
8818-SYS	Cisco 8818 18-slot System
8800-LC-48H	Cisco 8800 48x100 GbE QSFP28 Line Card based on Q100 Silicon
88-LC0-34H14FH	Cisco 8800 34x100 GbE QSFP28 and 14x400 GbE QSFP56-DD Line Card based on Q200 Silicon
8800-LC-36FH	Cisco 8800 36x400 GbE QSFP56-DD Line Card based on Q100 Silicon
88-LC0-36FH	Cisco 8800 36x400 GbE QSFP56-DD Line Card based on Q200 Silicon
88-LC0-36FH-M	Cisco 8800 36x400 GbE QSFP56-DD Line Card with MACsec based on Q200 Silicon
8800-RP	Cisco 8800 Route Processor
8818-FC	Cisco 8818 Fabric Card based on Q100 Silicon
8812-FC	Cisco 8812 Fabric Card based on Q100 Silicon

Part Number	Description
8808-FC	Cisco 8808 Fabric Card based on Q100 Silicon
8818-FC0	Cisco 8818 Fabric Card based on Q200 Silicon
8808-FC0	Cisco 8808 Fabric Card based on Q200 Silicon
8804-FC0	Cisco 8804 Fabric Card based on Q200 Silicon

Physical characteristics

Series or Model	Physical Characteristics
Cisco 8000 Series	<p>Operating temperature: 32 to 104°F (0 to 40°C)</p> <p>Nonoperating temperature: -40 to 158°F (-40 to 70°C)</p> <p>Humidity: 5% to 95% (noncondensing)</p> <p>Altitude: 0 to 9842 ft (0 to 3000 m)</p>
Cisco 8100 Series	Intel Broadwell 4-core 2.4 GHz CPU with 16 - 32 GB of DRAM. RS-232 console, 10 GbE Control Plane expansion, 1 GbE Management, 1x USB2.0, GBP (ToD, 10MHz, 1PPS), 1588, and BITs (sync).
8101-32H	<p>(H) 1.73 x (W) 17.3 x (D) 19.34 in. (4.40 x 43.9 x 49.1 cm) - 1 RU</p> <p>22.7 lbs (10.32 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 3.2 Tbps: 172W</p> <p>2 power supplies</p>
8102-64H	<p>(H) 3.45 x (W) 17.3 x (D) 20.1 in. (8.77 x 43.9 x 51.1 cm) - 2 RU</p> <p>35 lbs (16 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 6.4 Tbps: 256W</p> <p>2 power supplies`</p>
8101-32FH	<p>(H) 1.73 x (W) 17.3 x (D) 23.6 in. (4.40 x 43.9 x 59.9 cm) - 1 RU</p> <p>31 lbs (14.09 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 12.8 Tbps: 288W</p> <p>2 power supplies</p>
Cisco 8200 Series	Intel Broadwell 4-core 2.4 GHz CPU with 16 - 32 GB of DRAM. RS-232 console, 10 GbE Control Plane expansion, 1 GbE Management, 1x USB2.0, GBP (ToD, 10MHz, 1PPS), and 1588.
Cisco 8201	<p>(H) 1.73 x (W) 17.3 x (D) 20.1 in. (4.40 x 43.9 x 51.1 cm) - 1 RU</p> <p>24 lbs (10.9 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 10.8 Tbps: 415 W</p> <p>2 power supplies</p>

Series or Model	Physical Characteristics
Cisco 8202	<p>(H) 3.45 x (W) 17.3 x (D) 20.1 in. (8.77 x 43.9 x 51.1 cm) – 2 RU</p> <p>42 lbs (19 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 10.8 Tbps: 750 W</p> <p>2 power supplies, Optional air filter</p>
8201-32FH	<p>(H) 1.73 x (W) 17.3 x (D) 23.6 in. (4.40 x 43.9 x 59.9 cm) – 1 RU</p> <p>31 lbs (14.09 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 12.8 Tbps: 288W</p> <p>2 power supplies</p>
Cisco 8800 Series	<p>2 route processors</p> <p>Intel Broadwell 4-core 2.4 GHz CPU with 32 GB of DRAM. RS-232 console, 10 GbE Control Plane expansion SFP+, 1 GbE Management and BMC port, 2x USB2.0, GBP (ToD, 10MHz, 1PPS), 1588, and BITs (sync).</p> <p>Cable management, doors, and air filters</p> <p>6.3 KW power supply for AC and high-voltage DC (180 to 305V AC, 192 to 200V DC)</p> <p>4.4 KW power supply for 48V 60A DC (-40 to -75V DC)</p> <p>4.8 KW power supply for 48V 100A DC (-40 to -75V DC)</p> <p>Horizontal line cards with 8 vertical fabric cards and 4 fan trays</p> <p>Rack mountable in standard 19-in. (48.3-cm) rack</p>
Cisco 8804	<p>(H) 17.5 x (W) 17.45 x (D) 33 in. (44.45 x 44.32 x 83.82 cm) – 10 RU – 4 line cards</p> <p>Depth with cable management, filter, and doors: 39.88 in. (101.3 cm)</p> <p>Weight: Unloaded, 124 lbs (56.36 kg); fully loaded, 402 lbs (183 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 57.6 Tbps: 4.2 KW</p> <p>6 high-voltage power supplies or 8 48V DC power supplies</p>
Cisco 8808	<p>(H) 28 x (W) 17.45 x (D) 33.73 in. (71.12 x 44.32 x 85.7 cm) – 16 RU – 8 line cards</p> <p>Depth with cable management, filter, and doors: 41.18 in. (104.6 cm)</p> <p>Weight: Unloaded, 162 lbs (73 kg); fully loaded, 658 lbs (299 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 115.2 Tbps: 9.3 KW</p> <p>9 high-voltage power supplies or 12 48V DC power supplies</p>
Cisco 8812	<p>(H) 36.75 x (W) 17.45 x (D) 35.43 in. (93.345 x 44.23 x 90 cm) – 21 RU – 12 line cards</p> <p>Depth with cable management, filter, and doors: 41.55 in. (105.5 cm)</p> <p>Weight: Unloaded, 212 lbs (96 kg); fully loaded, 891 lbs (404 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 172.8 Tbps: 16.3 KW</p> <p>9 high-voltage power supplies or 12 48V DC power supplies</p>

Series or Model	Physical Characteristics
Cisco 8818	<p>(H) 57.75 x (W) 17.45 x (D) 35.43 in. (146.7 x 44.23 x 90 cm) – 33 RU – 18 line cards</p> <p>Depth with cable management, filter, and doors: 41.55 in. (105.5 cm)</p> <p>Weight: Unloaded, 283 lbs (128 kg); fully loaded, 1357 lbs (615 kg)</p> <p>Typical system power at 259.2 Tbps: 22 KW</p> <p>18 high-voltage power supplies or 24 48V DC power supplies</p>

Compliance

Specification	Description
Regulatory Compliance	Products should comply with CE Markings according to directives 2004/108/EC and 2006/95/EC.
Safety	<p>UL 60950-1 Second Edition</p> <p>CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1 Second Edition</p> <p>EN 60950-1 Second Edition</p> <p>IEC 60950-1 Second Edition</p> <p>AS/NZS 60950-1</p> <p>GB4943</p>
EMC: Emissions	<p>47CFR Part 15 (CFR 47) Class A</p> <p>AS/NZS CISPR22 Class A</p> <p>CISPR22 Class A</p> <p>EN55022 Class A</p> <p>ICES003 Class A</p> <p>VCCI Class A</p> <p>EN61000-3-2</p> <p>EN61000-3-3</p> <p>KN32 Class A</p> <p>CNS13438 Class A</p>
EMC: Immunity	<p>EN55024</p> <p>CISPR24</p> <p>EN300386</p> <p>KN 61000-4 Series</p>
RoHS	The product is RoHS-6 compliant with exceptions for leaded-ball grid-array (BGA) balls and lead press-fit connectors.

Warranty

Service and support

Cisco offers a wide range of services to help accelerate your success in deploying and optimizing the Cisco 8000 Series. These innovative Cisco Services offerings are delivered through a unique combination of people, processes, tools, and partners, and they are focused on helping you increase operating efficiency and improve your network. Cisco Advanced Services use an architecture-led approach to help you align your network infrastructure with your business goals and achieve long-term value. The Cisco SMARTnet® service helps you resolve mission-critical problems with direct access at any time to Cisco network experts and award-winning resources.

With this service, you can take advantage of the Cisco Smart Call Home service, which offers proactive diagnostics and real-time alerts on your Cisco 8000 Series. Spanning the entire network lifecycle, Cisco Services offerings help increase investment protection, optimize network operations, support migration operations, and strengthen your IT expertise.

Product Sustainability

Information about Cisco's environmental, social and governance (ESG) initiatives and performance is provided in Cisco's CSR and sustainability [reporting](#).

Table 4. Product Sustainability

Sustainability Topic		Reference
General	Information on product-material-content laws and regulations	Materials
	Information on electronic waste laws and regulations, including our products, batteries and packaging	WEEE Compliance
	Information on product takeback and reuse program	Cisco Takeback and Reuse Program
	Sustainability Inquiries	Contact: csr_inquiries@cisco.com
Material	Product packaging weight and materials	Contact: environment@cisco.com

Cisco Smart Licensing

Cisco Smart Licensing is a flexible and secure licensing model that provides you with an easier, faster, and more consistent way to purchase, activate, manage, renew, and upgrade software products across the Cisco portfolio and across your organization. And it's secure – you control what users can access. With Smart Licensing you get:

- **Easy Activation.** Smart Licensing establishes a pool of software licenses that can be used across the entire organization—no more PAKs (Product Activation Keys).
- **Unified Management.** My Cisco Entitlements (MCE) provides a complete view into all of your Cisco products and services in an easy-to-use portal, so you always know what you have and what you are using.
- **License Flexibility.** Your software is not node-locked to your hardware, so you can easily use and transfer licenses as needed.

In order to retrieve your Smart Licenses, you will first need to set up a Smart Account on Cisco Software Central (software.cisco.com).

For a more detailed overview on Cisco Licensing, go to cisco.com/go/licensingguide.

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[Learn more](#) about the Cisco 8000 Series routers.

Document history

New or Revised Topic	Described In	Date
Updated weights for 8804, 8808, 8812, 8818	Physical Characteristics	Jul 16, 2021
Added section on Cisco Smart Licensing	Cisco Smart Licensing	Jul 16, 2021

Americas Headquarters
Cisco Systems, Inc.
San Jose, CA

Asia Pacific Headquarters
Cisco Systems (USA) Pte. Ltd.
Singapore

Europe Headquarters
Cisco Systems International BV Amsterdam,
The Netherlands

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